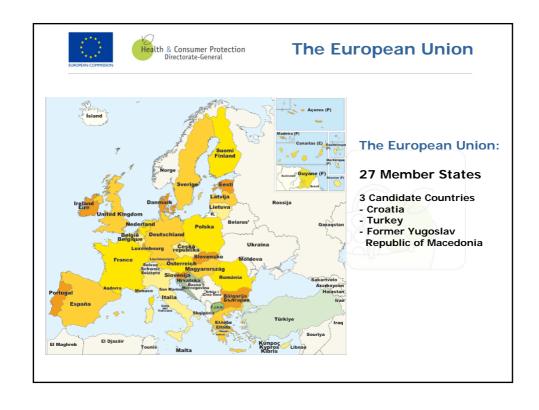


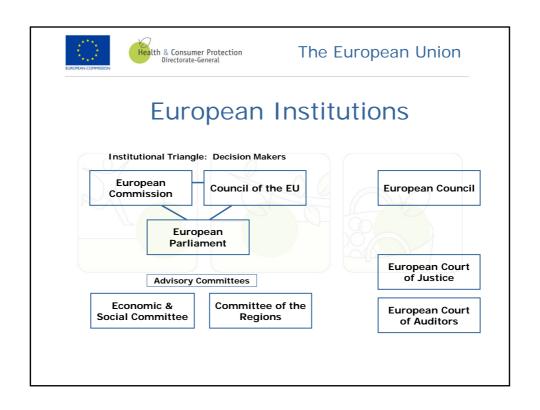
European Alert and Warning systems

Health

Vortrag Brüssel St. Vertretung Steiermark, 3.12.2008

> Dr. Rainer Meilicke European Commission Directorate Health and Consumers Health Threat Unit









The European Commission

EU Policies

Communication... Enterprise & Industry... Transport...
Justice, Freedom & Security... Information Society
& Media... Environment... Economic & Monetary Affairs...
Regional Policy... Fisheries/Maritime... Science& Research...
Education Training & Culture
Health & Consumers Enlargement...

Health & Consumers Enlargement...

Development & Humanitarian Aid...

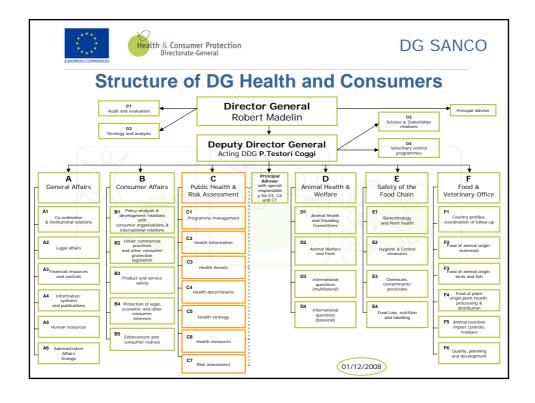
Taxation & Customs Union... Competition...

Agriculture & Rural Development...

External Relations... Internal Market...

Employment & Social Affairs... Trade... Energy...

Multilingualism









Health Threat Unit SANCO C3

Based in Luxembourg

Mission

Enhance the capability of and develop capacity for identifying, preparing and responding rapidly and in co-ordinate fashion too public health threats and emergencies of EU concern.

- Community Network on Prevention and Control of communicable Diseases
- Public Health Programme
 - Health information
 - Health threats (+- 15 Mio Euro per year)
 - Health determinants
- Health Security
- HEOF Health Emergency Operations Facility
- EC-contact point to the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC)
 - Epidemiology
 - Scientific Advice
 - Preparedness





Once upon a time...

...seven years ago...the concepts of

- Biosecurity
- Risk assessment
- Risk management
- Preparedness planning

were almost non-issues in Public Health settings. The September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks on the USA and the subsequent unleashing of anthrax spores have changed our views.





EU Response in the Public Health field to Sept. 11 Events

- Before Sept. 11
 Community Network on communicable diseases based on EP-Council Decision 98/2119
 - Commission Decision 2000/96/EC: Surveillance
 - Commission Decision 2000/57/EC: Early warning
 - Commission Decision 2002/253/EC: Case definitions
 - **Network Committee**
 - Eaerly warning and Response System Committee
 - Epidemiological Surveillance Component of the Community Network (ESCON)

- After Sept. 11
 EU Programme of Cooperation in Preparedness and Response to Biological and Chemical Agent Attacks (Health Security)
 - Mechanism for information exchange, consultation and coordination
 - Capability for inventorying, surveillance, detection/ diagnosis and identification
 - Medicines' stocks and health services database and stand-by facilities for provision of medicines, other medical resources and health care specialists
 - Binding rules and guidance, links with third countries and international organizations





- Mechanism for information exchange, consultation and coordination
 - Rapid Alert System
 - Monitoring & Information
 - Medical intelligence system
 - Ad hoc networks (Health Security Committee / GHSAG
- Capability for inventorying, surveillance, detection/ diagnosis and identification
 - List of agents Matrix
 - Classification of events modelling
 - Models of cooperation agreements for links between laboratories
 - Specific surveillance
 - Directories of experts
 - Procedure for setting-up investigation teams
 - Threat monitoring in liaison with security and law enforcement services
 - Inventory of and minimum standards for laboratory facilities
 - Incident investigation & environmental sampling
 - Health resources and mutual assistance





- Rules and disseminate guidance; links with third countries and international organizations
 - Guidelines for health professionals
 - Review of Directives on the circulation of products and persons
 - Risk and crisis communications
 - Links with third countries and the
 - Training modules
 - Exercises and emergency plan evacuation
 - Guidelines on decontamination & restoration of services
 - Guidelines on strengthening health-related systems
 - Inventory of treatment capacities

- Medicines' stocks and health services database
 - Directories of treatment capabilities
 - Inventory of stocks of medicines
 - Availability of medicines
 - Review of National Plans





Achievement: EU Health Security Committee (HSC)

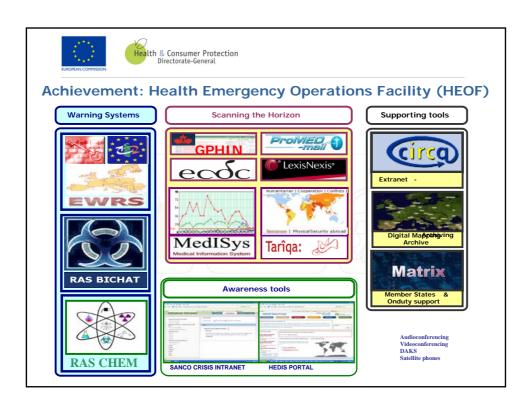
- The EU Health Ministers created the Health Security Committee on 26 October 2001; the Committee had its first meeting on 30 October 2001
- It is composed of high level representatives of the EU Health Ministers and the European Commission
- The Committee has as its mandate to take decisions and commitments with respect to
 - Crisis management
 - Generic Preparedness planning
 - Response in case of emergency
 - Pandemic Influenza Preparedness
- Mandate renewed 2007





Working groups of the Health Security Committee

- Laboratories
- Medicinal Products
- Chemical Threats
- Incident Investigation and Sampling
- Planners







Laboratory Cooperation: What is in place

- European Union Response Network for P4 Virus Infections (EURONET P4)
- European Network for Diagnostics of "Imported" Viral Diseases (ENIVD)
- European Influenza Surveillance Scheme (EISS)
 - laboratory co-ordination
 - quality assurance schemes
 - follow up on case definition
- Smallpox Diagnostic
 - Development of an improved diagnostic capability in the EU with the collaboration of Russian Scientists through the International Science and Technology Center (ISTC)
- Global Health Security Action Group Laboratory Network





EURONET-P4

- European Network of P4 laboratories(6 Labs in 4 Member States) to enable
 - rapid
 - effective and
 - coordinated response
- to health threats to European populations resulting from natural infection by class 4 agents or their deliberate release





European Network for Diagnostics of "Imported" Viral Diseases (ENIVD)

- Objectives
 - Provide mutual help in the exchange of diagnostic methods, and information in order to improve diagnostics for encephalitis virus and other/new emerging viral pathogens.
 - Identify laboratories, capable and willing to perform the rapid diagnostics (<24h) of acute cases of viral infections.
 - Work out recommendations for standardization and quality control for diagnostic laboratories involved in the diagnostics of such diseases.
 - Optimize limited resources by exchanging reagents, methods, and expertise.
 - Encourage regular contact within the network through meetings, exchange and training of laboratory personnel





Inter-operability of Preparedness Plans and communication structures

- Assessment of Pandemic Influenza Preparedness Plans by
 - ÉCDC
 - GHSI Influenza Working Group
- EU wide exercises to test communication systems and preparedness planning
 - New Watchman
 - Common Ground
 - United Horizon
 - Aeolus





Training

- Use of warning systems (EWRS, RAS-Bichat) for participants in all Member States
- Participants from Public Health and from Law Enforcement
- Health Emergency Operations Facility (HEOF) training for Commission staff





International Cooperation

- WHO
 - Pandemic Influenza
 - Biosafety and biosecurity issues
 - International Health Regulations (IHR)
 - Laboratory issues/transportation of biological materials
- Global Health Security Initiative (GHSI) of G7+ countries
 - G7+Countries: Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, UK, USA, plus Mexico





Basic concept of Preparedness

- Risk assessment
 - A scientifically based process consisting of the following steps:
 - I) hazard identification,
 - ii) hazard characterization,
 - iii) exposure assessment, and
 - iv) risk characterization
- Risk management
 - A process, distinct from risk assessment, of weighing policy alternatives, in consultation with interested parties, considering risk assessment and other factors relevant for health protection of consumers and for the promotion of fair trade practices, and if needed selecting appropriate prevention and control options.
- Risk communication





Generic Preparedness and Response Planning (COM (2005) 605)

- Information management (surveillance, monitoring, intelligence, sampling, detection, diagnosis, analysis, correlation, identification)
- Communications (systems, procedures, command and control, obligations for information and consultation, media, expert groups, public)
- Cross-sector preparedness
- Scientific advice (procurement, setting criteria and triggers in support of actions, determine corresponding actions and the resources and ways to implement them)





Upcoming

- Event scale modelling / simulation tools
- Geo-reports
- Integrated decision making tools
- Contact tracing
- standardized logbook system to be used by the MS
- Web-based restricted directory of contact points for MS and Commission
- Restricted website for sharing best practices on crisis management
- Integration of a document management system

